## CONSONANTS IN SPANISH

Overall rule: For the most part, consonants in Spanish are pronounced as they are in English, although, just like the vowels, they are said more concisely and clearly.

We will focus mainly on the differences between the two languages in this section, but play close attention to all consonants when you are working on the video and audio pronunciation exercises or lesson units.

| CONSONANT SOUND | PRONUNCIATION RULE   | EXAMPLE                |
|-----------------|--|------------------------|
| II              | II like the silent h in honor  | hola                   |
| S               | S like in see, although less heavy (Never like the s in rose)  | sí                     |
| J               | I like the $h$ in house (Often more guttural than a soft $h$ )   | viaje                  |
| L               | L like the I in low (Much more concise than in English; mastering this sound greatly improves your accent) | la, capital            |
| LL              | LL like the English y as in your   | llorar                 |
| Ñ               | $\tilde{N}$ like the $ni$ of onion, but only 1 syllable  | niño                   |
| R               | Tap R like tt of better  | pero                   |
| R, RR           | Trill R as multiple of Tap R (like the sound kids make when playing cars)                                  | río, perro,<br>carrera |
| x               | Before vowelsand the soft c, like ks   | examen                 |
| X               | Before consonants, like s  | experto                |
| X               | In a few proper names, like Spanish $j$  | México, Oaxaca         |
| Z               | Z in Latin America is like s (Z in Spain is like th)   | zapato, feliz          |

## **VOWELS IN SPANISII**

Overall rule: Spanish vowels tend to be cleaner, clearer, and crisper than their English counterparts.

| YOWEL SOUND | PRONUNCIATION RULE        | EXAMPLE |
|-------------|---------------------------|---------|
| Α           | A as in father            | cama    |
| E           | Closed E as the ay in hay | que     |
| E           | Open E as the e in met    | hotel   |
| I           | I as the ee in see        | sí      |
| O           | O as the $o$ in no        | como    |
| U           | U as the o in to          | mucho   |

## **DIPHTHONGS**

Overall rule: Diphthongs are a combination of two vowels that form one syllable. In Spanish, diphthongs are pronounced faster and more tightly than their equivalents in English. There is never any doubt that they sound like one syllable.

LISTEN CAREFULLY TO THE VIDEO TO LEARN HOW TO PRONOUNCE DIPHTHONGS CORRECTLY.

| VOWEL SOUNDS | PRONUNCIATION RULE    | EXAMPLE        |
|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| AI           | Al as the word eye    | <u>aj</u> re   |
| EI           | El as the ai in gain  | s <u>ei</u> s  |
| OI           | OI as the oy in boy   | <u>oi</u> go   |
| OY           | OY as the oy in boy   | v <u>oy</u>    |
| UI           | UI sounds like we     | cuidado        |
| AU           | AU as in owl          | <u>au</u> to   |
| EU           | No English equivalent | d <u>eu</u> da |
| LO           | <u> </u>              |                |